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LPUNEST Maths (BTech) Syllabus PDF

LPU National Entrance and Scholarship Test (LPUNEST)

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Mathematics

UNIT 1: Sets

> Sets and their representation; Union, intersection and complement of sets and their algebraic properties; Power set.

UNIT 2: Relations

> Relation, Types of relations, equivalence relations.

UNIT 3: Function, limit and Continuity:

- > One-one, into and onto functions, composition of functions;
- > Real valued functions, algebra of functions, polynomials, rational, trigonometric, logarithmic and exponential functions, inverse functions. Graphs of simple functions.Limits, continuity and differentiability.

UNIT 4: Complex numbers

> Complex numbers as ordered pairs of reals, Representation of complex numbers in the form a+ib and their representation in a plane, Argand diagram, algebra of complex numbers, modulus and argument (or amplitude) of a complex number, square root of a complex number, triangle inequality.

UNIT 5: Quadratic equations

> Quadratic equations in real and complex number system and their solutions. Relation between roots and coefficients, nature of roots, formation of quadratic

UNIT 6: Sequences and series

equations with given roots.

> Arithmetic and Geometric progressions, insertion of arithmetic, geometric means between two given numbers. Relation between A.M. and G.M. Sumupto n terms of special series, Geometric progression.

UNIT 7: Matrices

> Matrices, algebra of matrices, types of matrices, matrices of order two and three; Adjoint; transpose; symmetric and skew symmetric matrices;

UNIT 8: Determinants

> Properties of determinants, evaluation of determinants, area of triangles using determinants. Evaluation of inverse of a square matrix using determinants and elementary transformations, Test of consistency and solution of simultaneous linear equations in two or three variables using determinants.

> p, addition of vectors ,components of a vector in two dimensions and three dimensional space, scalar and vector products, scalar and vector triple product.

UNIT 9: Vector algebra

UNIT 10: Mathematical reasoning

> Statements, Logical Operations And, Or, Implies, Implied by, if and only if. Understanding of tautology, contradiction, converse and contrapositive.

UNIT 11: Permutations

> Fundamental principle of counting, permutation as an arrangement. Meaning of P(n, r), simple applications.

UNIT 12: Combinations

> Combination as selection, Meaning of C(n, r), simple applications.

UNIT 13: Mathematical induction

> Principle of Mathematical Induction and its simple applications.

UNIT 14: Binomial theorem and its simple applications

> Binomial theorem for a positive integral index, general term and middle term, properties of Binomial coefficients and simple applications.

UNIT 15: Derivatives

- > Differentiation of sum, difference, product and quotient of two functions;
- > Differentiation of trigonometric, inverse trigonometric, logarithmic, exponential, composite and implicit functions; derivatives of order upto two;Rolle's and Lagrange's Mean Value Theorems.

UNIT 16: Application of Derivatives

> Rate of change of quantities, monotonic increasing and decreasing functions, Maxima and minima of functions of one variable, tangents and normals.

UNIT 17: Integral calculus (Part1)

> Integral as an anti derivative. Fundamental integrals involving algebraic, trigonometric, exponential and logarithmic functions. Integration by substitution, by parts and by partial fractions. Integral as limit of a sum. Fundamental Theorem of Calculus. Integration using trigonometric identities.

UNIT 18: Integral calculus (Part2)

> Evaluation of simple integrals of following type:

UNIT 19: Definite Integrals

> Properties of definite integrals. Evaluation of definite integrals, determining areas of the regions bounded by simple curves in standard form.

UNIT 20: Differential Equations

> Ordinary differential equations, their order and degree. Formation of differential equations. Solution of differential equations by the method of separation of variables, solution of homogeneous and linear differential equations of the type

UNIT 21: Coordinate geometry

> Cartesian system of rectangular coordinates in a plane, distance formula, section formula, locus and its equation, translation of axes, slope of a line, parallel and perpendicular lines, intercepts of a line on the coordinate axes.

UNIT 22: Straight lines

> Various forms of equations of a line, intersection of lines, angles between two lines, conditions for concurrence of three lines, distance of a point from a line, equations of internal and external bisectors of angles between two lines, coordinates of centroid, orthocentre and circumcentre of a triangle, equation of family of lines passing through the point of intersection of two lines.

UNIT 23: Circles

> Standard form of equation of a circle, general form of the equation of a circle, its radius and centre, equation of a circle when the end points of a diameter are given, points of intersection of a line and a circle with the centre at the origin and condition for a line to be tangent to a circle, equation of the tangent.

UNIT 24: Conic sections

> Sections of cones, equations of conic sections (parabola, ellipse and hyperbola) in standard forms, condition for y = mx + c to be a tangent and point (s) of tangency.

UNIT 25: Three Dimensional Geometry (Part1)

> Coordinates of a point in space, distance between two points, section formula, direction ratios and direction cosines, angle between two intersecting lines.

> Skew lines, the shortest distance between them and its equation. Equations of a line and a plane in different forms, intersection of a line and a plane,

UNIT 26: Three Dimensional Geometry (Part2)

coplanar lines. UNIT 27: Statistics and probability

> Measures of Dispersion: Calculation of mean, median, mode of grouped and ungrouped data calculation of standard deviation, variance and mean deviation

for grouped and ungrouped data. **UNIT 28: Probability**

> Probability of an event, addition and multiplication theorems of probability, Baye's theorem, probability distribution of a random variate, Bernoulli trials and

Binomial distribution.

UNIT 29: Trigonometry

> Trigonometrical Identities and equations, Trigonometrical functions;

UNIT 30: Inverse Trigonometric Functions

> Definition, domain, range, elementary properties of inverse trigonometric functions, Heights and distances