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# KCET 2016 Question Paper with Solution

### The Karnataka Common Entrance Test

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## **COMMON ENTRANCE TEST-2016**

DATE	SUBJECT	TIME
DAY-2	PHYSICS	10.30 A.M. TO 11.50 A.M.
MAXIMUM MARKS	TOTAL DURATION	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANSWERING
60	80 MINUTES	70 MINUTES

MENTION YOUR	QUESTION BOOKLET DETAILS			
CET NUMBER	VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER		
	A - 1	570769		

### DOs:

- 1. Check whether the CET No. has been entered and shaded in the respective circles on the OMR answer sheet.
- 2. This Question Booklet is issued to you by the invigilator after the 2nd Bell i.e., after 10.30 a.m.
- 3. The Serial Number of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet.
- 4. The Version Code of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet and the respective circles should also be shaded completely.
- 5. Compulsorily sign at the bottom portion of the OMR answer sheet in the space provided.

### DON'Ts:

- 1. THE TIMING AND MARKS PRINTED ON THE OMR ANSWER SHEET SHOULD NOT BE DAMAGED/MUTILATED/SPOILED.
- 2. The 3rd Bell rings at 10.40 a.m., till then;
  - Do not remove the paper seal present on the right hand side of this question booklet.
  - Do not look inside this question booklet.
  - Do not start answering on the OMR answer sheet.

# IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. This question booklet contains 60 questions and each question will have one statement and four distracters. (Four different options / choices.)
- 2. After the 3<sup>rd</sup> Bell is rung at 10.40 a.m., remove the paper seal on the right hand side of this question booklet and check that this booklet does not have any unprinted or torn or missing pages or items etc., if so, get it replaced by a complete test booklet. Read each item and start answering on the OMR answer sheet.
- 3. During the subsequent 70 minutes:
  - Read each question carefully.
  - Choose the correct answer from out of the four available distracters (options / choices) given under each question / statement.
  - Completely darken / shade the relevant circle with a BLUE OR BLACK INK BALL POINT PEN
    against the question number on the OMR answer sheet.

Correct Method of shading the circle on the OMR answer sheet is as shown below:



- 4. Please note that even a minute unintended ink dot on the OMR answer sheet will also be recognized and recorded by the scanner. Therefore, avoid multiple markings of any kind on the OMR answer sheet.
- 5. Use the space provided on each page of the question booklet for Rough Work. Do not use the OMR answer sheet for the same.
- 6. After the last bell is rung at 11.50 a.m., stop writing on the OMR answer sheet and affix your LEFT HAND THUMB IMPRESSION on the OMR answer sheet as per the instructions.
- Hand over the OMR ANSWER SHEET to the room invigilator as it is.
- 8. After separating the top sheet (Our Copy), the invigilator will return the bottom sheet replica (Candidate's copy) to you to carry home for self-evaluation.
- 9. Preserve the replica of the OMR answer sheet for a minimum period of ONE year.



Turn Over



1. A body falls freely for 10 sec. Its average velocity during this journey (take  $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ )

(1)  $100 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ 

(2)  $10 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ 

(3) 50 ms<sup>-1</sup>

(4) 5 ms<sup>-t</sup>

2. Three projectiles A, B and C are projected at an angle of 30°, 45°, 60° respectively. If R<sub>A</sub>, R<sub>B</sub> and R<sub>C</sub> are ranges of A, B and C respectively, then (velocity of projection is same for A, B & C)

(1)  $R_A = R_B = R_C$ 

 $(2) \quad R_{\dot{A}} = R_C > R_{\dot{B}}$ 

 $(3) \quad R_A \le R_R \le R_C$ 

 $(4) \quad R_A = R_C < R_B$ 

3. The component of a vector  $\mathbf{r}$  along x – axis will have a maximum value if

- (1)  $\dot{r}$  is along + ve x axis
- (2)  $\hat{r}$  is along + ve y axis
- (3)  $\dot{r}$  is along ve y axis
- (4)  $\dot{r}$  makes an angle of 45° with the x axis

4. Maximum acceleration of the train in which a 50 kg box lying on its floor will remain stationary (Given: Co-efficient of static friction between the box and the train's floor is 0.3 and  $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ )

(1)  $5.0 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ 

(2) 3.0 ms<sup>-2</sup>

(3) 1.5 ms<sup>-2</sup>

(4) 15 ms.<sup>-2</sup>

5. A 12 kg bomb at rest explodes into two pieces of 4 kg and 8 kg. If the momentum of 4 kg piece is 20 Ns, the kinetic energy of the 8 kg piece is

(1) 25 J

(2) 20 J

(3) 50 J

(4) 40 J

Which of the points is likely position of the centre of mass of the system shown in the 6. figure?



(1)Α (2) D

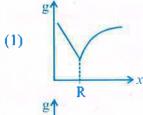
(3) B

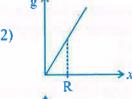
- (4) C
- Three bodies a ring (R), a solid cylinder (C) and a solid sphere (S) having same mass and 7. same radius roll down the inclined plane without slipping. They start from rest, if v<sub>R</sub>, v<sub>C</sub> and  $v_S$  are velocities of respective bodies on reaching the bottom of the plane, then
  - $(1) \quad \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{R}} = \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{C}} = \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{S}}$

(2)  $v_R > v_C > v_S$ 

 $(3) \quad \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{R}} \leq \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{C}} \leq \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{S}}$ 

- $(4) \quad \mathbf{v}_{R} = \mathbf{v}_{C} > \mathbf{v}_{S}$
- Variation of acceleration due to gravity (g) with distance x from the centre of the earth is 8. best represented by  $(R \rightarrow Radius of the earth)$



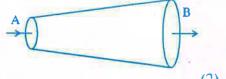


(3)

- A spring is stretched by applying a load to its free end. The strain produced in the spring is 9.
  - (1) Volumetric

- Shear **(2)**
- Longitudinal & Shear (3)
- Longitudinal **(4)**

10. An ideal fluid flows through a pipe of circular cross section with diameters 5 cm and 10 cm as shown. The ratio of velocities of fluid at A and B is



(1) 4:1

(2) 1:4

(3) 2:1

- (4) 1:2
- A pan filled with hot food cools from 94 °C to 86 °C in 2 minutes. When the room 11. temperature is 20 °C. How long will it cool from 74 °C to 66 °C?
  - (1) 2 minutes

(2) 2.8 minutes

(3) 2.5 minutes

- (4) 1.8 minutes
- Four rods with different radii r and length I are used to connect two heat reservoirs at 12. different temperature. Which one will conduct most heat?
  - (1) r = 1 cm, l = 1 m
- (2)  $r = 1 \text{ cm}, \quad l = \frac{1}{2} \text{ m}$ (4)  $r = 2 \text{ cm}, \quad l = \frac{1}{2} \text{ m}$
- (3) r = 2 cm, l = 2 m
- A Carnot engine working between 300 K and 400 K has 800 J of useful work. The amount of heat energy supplied to the engine from the source is
  - (1) 2400 J

(2) 3200 J

(3) 1200 J

- (4) 3600 J
- A particle executing SHM has a maximum speed of 0.5 ms<sup>-1</sup> and maximum acceleration of 1.0 ms<sup>-2</sup>. The angular frequency of oscillation is
  - (1)  $2 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$

(2)  $0.5 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$ 

(3)  $2\pi \text{ rad s}^{-1}$ 

- (4)  $0.5\pi \text{ rad s}^{-1}$
- A source of sound is moving with a velocity of 50 ms<sup>-1</sup> towards a stationary observer. The observer measures the frequency of sound as 500 Hz. The apparent frequency of sound as heard by the observer when source is moving away from him with the same speed is (Speed of sound at room temperature 350 ms<sup>-1</sup>)
  - (1)400 Hz

(2) 666 Hz

375 Hz (3)

(4) 177.5 Hz

If there are only one type of charge in the universe, then

 $(\vec{E} \rightarrow \text{Electric field}, \vec{ds} \rightarrow \text{Area vector})$ 

- (1)  $\oint \vec{E} \cdot \vec{ds} \neq 0$  on any surface
- (2)  $\oint \vec{E} \cdot \vec{ds}$  could not be defined
- (3)  $\oint \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = \infty$  if charge is inside
- (4)  $\oint E \cdot ds = 0$  if charge is outside,

$$=\frac{q}{\epsilon_0}$$
 if charge is inside

17. An electron of mass m, charge e falls through a distance h meter in a uniform electric field E. Then time of fall

(1) 
$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2hm}{eE}}$$

(2) 
$$t = \frac{2hm}{eE}$$
(4) 
$$t = \frac{2eE}{hm}$$

(3) 
$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2eE}{hm}}$$

$$(4) \quad t = \frac{2eE}{hm}$$

If Eax and Eeq represents electric field at a point on the axial and equatorial line of a dipole. If points are at a distance r from the centre of the dipole, for r>a

(1) 
$$\vec{E}_{ax} = \vec{E}_{eq}$$

(2) 
$$\vec{E}_{ax} = -\vec{E}_{eq}$$

$$(3) \quad \vec{E}_{ax} = -2\vec{E}_{eq}$$

$$(4) \quad \vec{E}_{eq} = 2 \vec{E}_{ax}$$

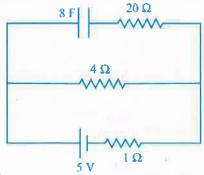
- Nature of equipotential surface for a point charge is
  - (1) Ellipsoid with charge at foci.
  - Sphere with charge at the centre of the sphere.
  - Sphere with charge on the surface of the sphere.
  - Plane with charge on the surface. (4)

- 20. A particle of mass 1 gm and charge 1 μC is held at rest on a frictionless horizontal surface at distance 1 m from the fixed charge 2 mC. If the particle is released, it will be repelled. The speed of the particle when it is at a distance of 10 m from the fixed charge
  - (1) 60 ms<sup>-1</sup>

(2) 100 ms<sup>-1</sup>

(3) 90 ms<sup>-1</sup>

- (4) 180 ms<sup>-1</sup>
- 21. A capacitor of 8 F is connected as shown. Charge on the plates of the capacitor

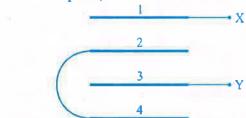


(1) 32 C

(2) 40 C

 $(3) \quad 0 \text{ C}$ 

- (4) 80 C
- 22. Four metal plates are arranged as shown. Capacitance between X and Y  $(A \rightarrow Area \text{ of each plate, } d \rightarrow distance between the plates)$



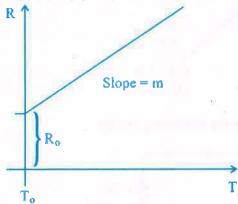
 $(1) \quad \frac{3}{2} \, \frac{\epsilon_0 \, A}{d}$ 

 $(2) \quad \frac{2 \in_0 A}{d}$ 

 $(3) \quad \frac{2}{3} \, \frac{\epsilon_0 \, A}{d}$ 

 $(4) \quad \frac{3 \in_0 A}{d}$ 

- 23. Mobility of free electrons in a conductor is
  - (1) directly proportional to electron density.
  - (2) directly proportional to relaxation time.
  - (3) inversely proportional to electron density.
  - (4) inversely proportional to relaxation time.
- 24. Variation of resistance of the conductor with temperature is as shown



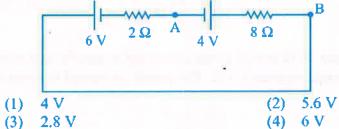
The temperature co-efficient  $(\alpha)$  of the conductor is

(1)  $\frac{R_0}{m}$ 

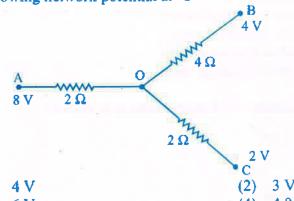
(2)  $mR_o$ 

(3)  $m^2R_o$ 

- $(4) \quad \frac{m}{R_o}$
- 25. Potential difference between A and B in the following circuit

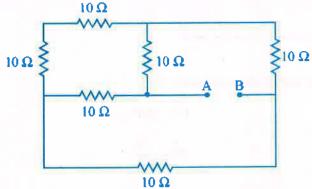


In the following network potential at 'O' 26.



- (1)
- (3) 6 V

- 3 V
- 4.8 V
- Effective resistance between A and B in the following circuit 27.



(1)  $10 \Omega$  (2)  $20 \Omega$ 

 $5^{\circ}\Omega$ (3)

- $(4) \quad \frac{20}{3} \, \Omega$
- Two heating coils of resistances 10  $\Omega$  and 20  $\Omega$  are connected in parallel and connected to 28. a battery of emf 12 V and internal resistance 1  $\Omega$ . The power consumed by them are in the ratio
  - (1)1:4

(2) 1:3

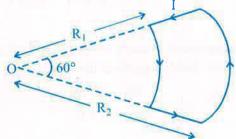
2:1 (3)

(4) 4:1

Space For Rough Work

A-1

- 29. A proton is projected with a uniform velocity 'v' along the axis of a current carrying solenoid, then
  - (1) the proton will be accelerated along the axis.
  - (2) the proton path will be circular about the axis.
  - (3) the proton move along helical path.
  - (4) the proton will continue to move with velocity 'v' along the axis.
- 30. In the cyclotron, as radius of the circular path of the charged particle increases  $(\omega = \text{angular velocity}, v = \text{linear velocity})$ 
  - (1) both ω and v increases
  - (2) w only increases, v remains constant
  - (3) v increases, ω remains constant
  - (4) v increases, ω decreases
- 31. A conducting wire carrying current is arranged as shown. The magnetic field at 'O'



- (1)  $\frac{\mu_0 i}{12} \left[ \frac{1}{R_1} \frac{1}{R_2} \right]$
- (3)  $\frac{\mu_0 i}{6} \left[ \frac{1}{R_1} \frac{1}{R_2} \right]$
- (2)  $\frac{\mu_0 i}{12} \left[ \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right]$
- (4)  $\frac{\mu_0 i}{6} \left[ \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right]$
- 32. The quantity of a charge that will be transferred by a current flow of 20 A over 1 hour 30 minutes period is
  - (1)  $10.8 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{C}$

(2)  $10.8 \times 10^4 \text{ C}$ 

(3)  $5.4 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{C}$ 

(4)  $1.8 \times 10^4 \text{ C}$ 

33.	A galvanometer	r coil has	a resistance of 5	$0 \Omega$ and the	e meter shows f	full scale defle	ection for
	a current of 5 i	nA. This	galvanometer is	converted	into voltmeter	of range 0 -	20 V by
	connecting						i i

- (1) 3950  $\Omega$  in series with galvanometer
- (2)  $4050 \Omega$  in series with galvanometer
- (3)  $3950 \Omega$  in parallel with galvanometer
- (4)  $4050 \Omega$  in parallel with galvanometer

34.	$\chi_1$ and	$\chi_2$ a	re st	usceptibility	of	a	paramagnetic	material	at	temperatures	$T_1K$	and	$T_2K$
	respect	lively,	, then	ı									

 $(1) \quad \chi_1 = \chi_2$ 

(2)  $\chi_1 T_1 = \chi_2 T_2$ 

(3)  $\chi_1 T_2 = \chi_2 T_1$ 

(4)  $\chi_1 \sqrt{T_1} = \chi_2 \sqrt{T_2}$ 

35. At certain place, the horizontal component of earth's magnetic field is 3.0 G and the angle dip at that place is 30°. The magnetic field of earth at that location

(1) 4.5 G

(2) 5.1 G

(3) 3.5 G

(4) 6.0 G

36. The process of super imposing message signal on high frequency carrier wave is called

(1) Amplification

(2) Demodulation

(3) Transmission

(4) Modulation

37. A long solenoid with 40 turns per cm carries a current of 1 A. The magnetic energy stored per unit volume is \_\_\_\_\_\_J/m<sup>3</sup>.

(1)  $3.2 \pi$ 

(2)  $32 \pi$ 

(3)  $1.6 \pi$ 

(4)  $6.4 \pi$ 

- 38. A wheel with 10 spokes each of length 'L' m is rotated with a uniform angular velocity 'ω' in a plane normal to the magnetic field 'B'. The emf induced between the axle and the rim of the wheel.
  - $(1) \quad \frac{1}{2} N \omega B L^2$
- $(2) \quad \frac{1}{2} \omega B L^2$

(3)  $\omega bL^2$ 

- (4)  $N\omega BL^2$
- 39. The rms value of current in a 50 Hz AC circuit is 6 A. The average value of AC current over a cycle is
  - (1)  $6\sqrt{2}$

 $(2) \quad \frac{3}{\pi\sqrt{2}}$ 

(3) Zero

- $(4) \quad \frac{6}{\pi\sqrt{2}}$
- 40. A capacitor of capacitance 10  $\mu$ F is connected to an AC source and an AC Ammeter. If the source voltage varies as  $V = 50\sqrt{2} \sin 100t$ , the reading of the ammeter is
  - (1) 50 mA

(2) 70.7 mA

(3) 5.0 mA

- (4) 7.07 mA
- 41. In a series L.C.R circuit, the potential drop across L, C and R respectively are 40 V, 120 V and 60 V. Then the source voltage is
  - (1) 220 V

(2) 160 V

(3) 180 V

- (4) 100 V
- 42. In a series L.C.R. circuit an alternating emf (v) and current (i) are given by the equation  $v = v_0 \sin \omega t$ ,  $i = i_0 \sin \left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

The average power discipated in the circuit over a cycle of AC is

 $(1) \quad \frac{v_0 i_0}{2}$ 

 $(2) \quad \frac{\mathbf{v_0} \mathbf{i_0}}{4}$ 

(3)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} v_0 i_0$ 

(4) Zero

43. Electromagnetic radiation used to sterilise milk is

(1) X-ray

(2) γ-ray

(3) UV rays

(4) Radiowaves

44. A plane glass plate is placed over a various coloured letters (violet, green, yellow, red). The letter which appears to raised more

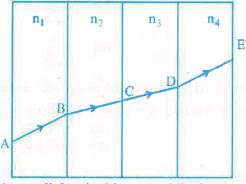
(1) Red

(2) Yellow

(3) Green

(4) Violet

45. A ray of light passes through four transparent media with refractive index  $n_1$ ,  $n_2$ ,  $n_3$  and  $n_4$  as shown. The surfaces of all media are parallel



If the emergent ray DE is parallel to incident ray AB, then

(1)  $\mathbf{n}_1 = \mathbf{n}_4$ 

(2)  $n_2 = n_4$ 

 $(3) \quad n_3 = n_4$ 

(4)  $n_1 = \frac{n_2 + n_3 + n_4}{3}$ .

46. Focal length of a convex lens is 20 cm and its RI is 1.5. It produces an erect, enlarged image if the distance of the object from the lens is

(1) 40 cm

(2) 30 cm

(3) 15 cm

(4) 20 cm

47. A ray of light suffers a minimum deviation when incident on an equilateral prism of refractive index  $\sqrt{2}$ . The angle of incidence is

(1) 30°

(2) 45°

(3) 60°

(4) 50°

- 48. In Young's double slit experiment the source is white light. One slit is covered with red filter and the other with blue filter. There shall be
  - (1) Alternate red & blue fringes
- (2) Alternate dark & pink fringes
- (3) Alternate dark & yellow fringes
- (4) No interference
- 49. Light of wavelength 600 ηm is incident normally on a slit of width 0.2 mm. The angular width of central maxima in the diffraction pattern is (measured from minimum to minimum)
  - (1)  $6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ rad}$

(2)  $4 \times 10^{-3}$  rad

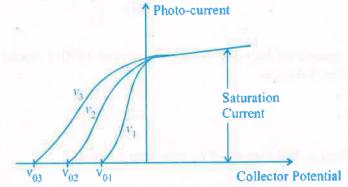
(3)  $2.4 \times 10^{-3}$  rad

- (4)  $4.5 \times 10^{-3}$  rad
- 50. For what distance is ray optics is good approximation when the aperture is 4 mm and the wavelength of light is 400 nm?
  - (1) 24 m

(2) 40 m

(3) 18 m

- (4) 30 m
- 51. The variation of photo-current with collector potential for different frequencies of incident radiation  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$  and  $v_3$  is as shown in the graph, then



Retarding Potential

(1)  $v_1 = v_2 = v_3$ 

(2)  $v_1 > v_2 > v_3$ 

(3)  $v_1 \le v_2 \le v_3$ 

(4)  $v_3 = \frac{v_1 + v_2}{2}$ 

- The de Broglie wavelength of an electron accelerated to a potential of 400 V is 52. approximately
  - (1) 0.03 nm

(2) 0.04 nm

(3) 0.12 nm

- (4) 0.06 nm
- Total energy of electron in an excited state of hydrogen atom is 3.4 eV. The kinetic and 53. potential energy of electron in this state
  - (1) K = -3.4 eV
- U = -6.8 eV
- (2) K = 3.4 eV
- U = -6.8 eV
- (3) K = -6.8 eV
- U = +3.4 eV
- (4) K = +10.2 eV U = -13.6 eV
- When electron jumps from n = 4 level to n = 1 level, the angular momentum of electron 54. changes by

(3)

- A radio-active sample of half-life 10 days contains 1000 x nuclei. Number of original 55. nuclei present after 5 days is
  - (1) 707 x

(2) 750 x

(3) 500 x

- (4) 250 x
- An element X decays into element Z by two-step process.

$$X \longrightarrow Y + {}^{4}_{2}He$$

$$Y \longrightarrow Z + 2e$$
 then

- (1) X & Z are isobars.
- (2) X & Y are isotopes.
- (3) X & Z are isotones.
- (4) X & Z are isotopes.

- 57. A nucleus of mass 20 u emits a  $\gamma$  photon of energy 6 MeV. If the emission assume to occur when nucleus is free and rest, then the nucleus will have kinetic energy nearest to (take  $1u = 1.6 \times 10^{-27}$  kg)
  - (1) 10 KeV

(2) 1 KeV

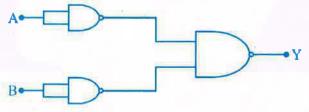
(3) 0.1 KeV

- (4) 100 KeV
- 58. Constant DC voltage is required from a variable AC voltage. Which of the following is correct order of operation?
  - (1) Regulator, filter, rectifier
  - (2) Rectifier, regulator, filter
  - (3) Rectifier, filter, regulator
  - (4) Filter, regulator, rectifier
- 59. In a transistor, the collector current varies by 0.49 mA and emitter current varies by 0.50 mA. Current gain β measured is
  - (1) 49

(2) 150

(3) 99

- (4) 100
- 60. Identify the logic operation carried out by the following circuit.



(1) AND

(2) NAND

(3) NOR

(4) OR

Space For Rough Work



A-1

### COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2016

### ANSWER KEYS - PHYSICS

Qnno	A1
1	3
2	4
3	1
4	2
5	1
6	2
7	3
8	4
9	3
10	1
11	2
12	4
13	2
14	1
15	3
16	G
17	1
18	3
19	2
20	4
21	1
22	3
23	2
24	4
25	2
26	4
27	1
28	3
29	4
30	3
31	1
32	2
33	1
34	2
35	3
36	4
37	1
38	2
39	3
40	1
41	4
42	2
43	3
44	4
45	1
46	3
47	2
48	4
49	1
50	1234
51	3
52	4
53	2
54	3
55	1
56	4
57	2
58	3
59	1
60	
60	4

### Note:

<sup>1.</sup> G - Indicates One GRACE MARK Awarded for the Question Number.

<sup>2.</sup> Value more than four indicates multiple answers are correct.

# **COMMON ENTRANCE TEST-2016**

DATE	SUBJECT	TIME
DAY-2	CHEMISTRY	02.30 P.M. TO 03.50 P.M.
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MENTION YOUR	OUESTION BOOKLET DETAILS		
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	A - 1.	782417	

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### DON'TS:

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  - Do not look inside this question booklet.
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# IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

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- During the subsequent 70 minutes:
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  - Choose the correct answer from out of the four available distracters (options / choices) given under each question / statement.
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Turn Over



- The half-life period of a 1st order reaction is 60 minutes. What percentage will be left over after 240 minutes?
  - (1) 6.25%

(2) 4.25%

(3) 5%

- (4) 6%
- 2. Which of the following is not a colligative property?
  - (1) Osmotic pressure
- (2) Optical activity
- Depression in Freezing point (4) Elevation in Boiling point
- The contribution of particle at the edge centre to a particular unit cell is, 3.
  - (1)  $\frac{1}{2}$

(3) 1

- 4. When an electrolyte is dissociated in solution, the van't Hoff's factor (i) is,
  - (1) > 1

(2) < 1

(3) = 0

- (4) = 1
- Which of the following is incorrect in a galvanic cell? 5.
  - Oxidation occurs at anode.
  - Reduction occurs at cathode.
  - The electrode at which electrons are gained is called cathode.
  - The electrode at which electrons are lost is called cathode.

6.	A secondary cell	is	one
----	------------------	----	-----

- (1) can be recharged.
- (2) can be recharged by passing current through it in the same direction.
- (3) can be recharged by passing current through it in the opposite direction.
- (4) can not recharged.
- 7. Osmotic pressure of the solution can be increased by,
  - (1) increasing the temperature of the solution.
  - (2) decreasing the temperature of the solution.
  - (3) increasing the volume of the vessel.
  - (4) diluting the solution.
- 8. The amount of current in Faraday is required for the reduction of 1 mol of Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub><sup>--</sup> ions to Cr<sup>3+</sup> is,
  - (1) 1 F

(2) 2 F

(3) 6 F

(4) 4 F

9. For a chemical reaction,

 $mA \rightarrow xB$ , the rate law is  $r = k[A]^2$ .

If the concentration of A is doubled, the reaction rate will be,

(1) Doubled

- (2) Quadrupled
- (3) Increases by 8 times
- (4) Unchanged

- 10. Schottky defect in a crystal is observed when,
  - (1) Unequal number of cations and anions are missing from the lattice.
  - (2) Equal number of cations and anions are missing from the lattice.
  - (3) An ion leaves its normal site and occupies an interstitial site.
  - (4) No ion is missing from its lattice site
- 11.  $3A \longrightarrow 2B$ , rate of reaction  $+\frac{d[B]}{dt}$  is equal to
  - $(1) \quad -\frac{3}{2} \frac{d[A]}{dt}$

 $(2) \quad -\frac{2}{3} \frac{d[A]}{dt}$ 

 $(3) +2\frac{d[A]}{dt}$ 

- $(4) = -\frac{1}{3} \frac{d[A]}{dt}$
- 12. The activation energy of a chemical reaction can be determined by,
  - (1) evaluating rate constants at two different temperatures.
  - (2) changing the concentration of reactants.
  - (3) evaluating the concentration of reactants at two different temperatures.
  - (4) evaluating rate constant at standard temperature.
- 13. Which of the following statements is incorrect w.r.t. Physisorption?
  - (1) The forces involved are van der Waal's forces.
  - (2) More easily liquifiable gases are adsorbed easily.
  - (3) Under high pressure it results into Multi-molecular layer on adsorbent surface.
  - (4)  $\Delta H_{adsorption}$  is low and +Ve.

# 14. Sulphur sol contains

- (1) Discrete S-atoms
- (2) Discrete S-molecules
- (3) Large aggregates of S-molecules
- (4) Water dispersed in Solid Sulphur

# 15. Reactions in Zeolite catalyst depend on,

(1) Pores

- (2) Apertures
- (3) Size of cavity
- (4) All of these

# 16. IUPAC name of the compound

- (1) 1-Bromo but-2-ene
- (2) 2-Bromo-2-butene
- (3) Bromo butene
- (4) 1-Bromo but-3-ene

# 17. Replacement of Cl of Chlorobenzene to give phenol requires drastic conditions, but Cl of 2, 4 – dinitro chlorobenzene is readily replaced. This is because,

- (1) -NO<sub>2</sub> group makes the ring electron rich at ortho and para positions.
- (2) -NO<sub>2</sub> group withdraws electrons from meta position.
- (3) -NO<sub>2</sub> donate electrons at meta position.
- (4) -NO<sub>2</sub> withdraws electrons from ortho and para positions.

18. In the reaction:

 $\underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} PCl_5 \\ \end{array}} X \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} alc\,KOH \\ \end{array}} Y \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} H_2SO_4, Room\,temp. \\ \end{array}}_{} Z, \ the \ product \ Z \ is,$ 

(1)  $C_2H_4$ 

- (2) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>
- (3) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OSO<sub>3</sub>H
- (4) OH
- 19. Which of the following compound is most acidic?
  - (1)  $CI CH_2 CH_2 OH$
- (2). O OH

(3) OH NO

- (4) OH CH
- 20. Benzene carbaldehyde is reacted with concentrated NaOH solution to give the products A and B. The product A can be used food preservative and the product B is an aromatic hydroxy compound where OH gorup is linked to sp<sup>3</sup> hybridised carbon atom next to Benzene ring. The products A and B are respectively,
  - (1) Sodium benzoate and phenol
  - (2) Sodium benzoate and phenyl methanol
  - (3) Sodium benzoate and cresol
  - (4) Sodium benzoate and pieric acid
- 21. The reaction which involves dichlorocarbene as an electrophile is,
  - (1) Reimer-Tiemann reaction
- (2) Kolbe's reaction
- (3) Friedel-Craft's acylation
- (4) Fittig's reaction.

- 22. Ethanol is converted into ethoxy ethane,
  - (1) by heating excess of ethanol with conc. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> at 140 °C.
  - (2) by heating Ethanol with excess of conc. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> at 443 K.
  - (3) by treating with conc. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> at room temperature.
  - (4) by treating with conc. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> at 273 K.
- 23. An organic compound  $\underline{X}$  is oxidised by using acidified  $K_2Cr_2O_7$  solution. The product obtained reacts with phenyl hydrazine but does not answer silver mirror test. The compound  $\underline{X}$  is,
  - (1) 2-propanol

(2) Ethanal

(3) Ethanol

- (4) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>
- 24. Predict the product 'C' in the following series of reactions:

$$CH_3 - COOH \xrightarrow{PCI_5} A \xrightarrow{C_6H_6} B \xrightarrow{CH_3MgBr} C$$

(1)

- (2) CH<sub>3</sub>CH(OH)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>
- (3)  $CH_3CH(OH)C_2H_5$
- (4)  $(CH_3)_2C(OH)C_6H_5$
- 25. The number of oxygen atoms in 4.4 gm of CO<sub>2</sub> is,
  - (1)  $1.2 \times 10^{23}$

(2)  $6 \times 10^{22}$ 

(3)  $6 \times 10^{23}$ 

(4)  $12 \times 10^{23}$ 

26. If the bond energies of H–H, Br–Br and H–Br are 433, 192 and 364 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> respectively, then  $\Delta H^{\circ}$  for the reaction :

$$H_{2(g)} + Br_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2HBr_{(g)}$$
 is

(1) -261 kJ

(2) +103 kJ

(3) +261 kJ

- (4) -103 kJ
- 27. In the reaction;  $Fe(OH)_{3(s)} \rightleftharpoons Fe^{3+}_{(aq)} + 3OH_{(aq)}^{-}$ , if the concentration of OH ions is decreased by  $\frac{1}{4}$  times, then the equilibrium concentration of Fe<sup>3+</sup> will increase by,
  - (1) 8 times

(2) 16 times

(3) 64 times

- (4) 4 times
- 28. The correct statement regarding entropy is,
  - (1) At absolute zero temperature, entropy of a perfectly crystalline solid is zero.
  - (2) At absolute zero temperature, the entropy of a perfectly crystalline substance is +Ve.
  - (3) At absolute zero temperature, the entropy of all crystalline substances is zero.
  - (4) At 0 °C, the entropy of a perfect crystalline solid is zero.
- **29.** Equilibrium constants  $K_1$  and  $K_2$  for the following equilibria
  - (a)  $NO_{(g)} + \frac{1}{2}O_{2(g)} \rightleftharpoons NO_{2(g)}$
  - (b)  $2NO_{2(g)} \rightleftharpoons 2NO_{(g)} + O_{2(g)}$

are related as:

- $(1) \quad K_1 = \sqrt{K_2}$
- (2)  $K_2 = \frac{1}{K_1}$
- (3)  $K_1 = 2 K_2$

(4)  $K_2 = \frac{1}{K_1^2}$ 

- 30. Van-Arkel method of refining Zirconium involves,
  - (1) removing all oxygen and nitrogen impurities.
  - (2) removing CO impurity
  - (3) removing Hydrogen impurity
  - (4) removing silica impurity
- 31. The composition of 'copper matte' is,
  - (1)  $Cu_2S + FeS$

(2)  $Cu_2S + Cu_2O$ 

(3)  $Cu_2S + FeO$ 

- (4)  $Cu_2O + FeS$
- 32. The complex formed when  $Al_2O_3$  is leached from Bauxite using concentrated NaOH solution is,
  - (1) Na[Al(OH)<sub>4</sub>]
- (2) NaA/2O4
- (3)  $Na_{2}[Al(OH)_{3}]$
- (4)  $Na_2AlO_2$
- 33. The property which is not true about Fluorine is,
  - (1) Most of its reactions are exothermic.
  - (2) It forms only one oxo acid.
  - (3) Highest electronegativity.
  - (4) High F-F bond dissociation enthalpy.

34.	Which is t	rue regarding nitrogen?		
	(1)	Less electronegative	(2)	Has low ionisation enthalpy
	(3)	d-orbitals are available	(4)	Ability to form $p\pi$ - $p\pi$ bonds with itself
	17			
35.	The shape	of XeF <sub>6</sub> is,		R A
	(1)	Square planar	(2)	Distorted octahedral
	(3)	Square pyrimidal	(4)	Pyramidal
36.	The numb	er of isomers possible for the	e octah	nedral complex [CoCl <sub>2</sub> (en)(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>+</sup> is,
	(1)	Two	(2)	Three
	(3)	No isomer	(4)	Four isomers
37.	CO is a st	ronger ligand than Ct, becau	use	
	(1)	CO is a neutral molecule.	(2)	CO has π-bonds.
	(3)	CO is poisonous.	(4)	CO is more reactive.
	2			
38.	The bival series eler		um pa	ramagnetic behaviour among the first transition
	(1)	Mn <sup>2+</sup>	(2)	Cu <sup>2+</sup>
	(3)	Sc <sup>2+</sup>	(4)	Cu <sup>+</sup>
		Space	For Ro	ough Work

C

When a brown compound of Mn (A) is treated with HCl, it gives a gas (B). The gas (B) taken in excess reacts with NH, to give an explosive compound (C).

The compounds A, B and C are;

- (1)  $A = MnO_2$ ,  $B = Cl_2$ ,  $C = NCl_3$
- (2) A = MnO,  $B = Cl_2$ ,  $C = NH_4Cl$
- (3)  $A = Mn_3O_4$ ,  $B = Cl_2$ ,  $C = NCl_3$
- (4)  $A = MnO_3$ ,  $B = Cl_2$ ,  $C = NCl_2$
- Mn<sup>2+</sup> compounds are more stable than Fe<sup>2+</sup> compounds towards oxidation to their +3 state, because
  - Mn<sup>2+</sup> is more stable with high 3<sup>rd</sup> Ionisation energy. (1)
  - Mn<sup>2+</sup> is bigger in size.
  - Mn<sup>2+</sup> has completely filled d-orbitals.
  - Mn<sup>2+</sup> does not exist.
- Which of the following sequence is correct regarding field strength of ligands as per spectrochemical series?
  - (1) SCN < F < CN < CO (2) F < SCN < CN < CO
- - (3) CN < F < CO < SCN (4) SCN < CO < F < CN
- As per IUPAC norms, the name of the complex  $[Co(en)_2(ONO)CI]Cl$  is
  - (1) Chlorido bis(ethane-1, 2 diamine) nitro-o-cobalt (III) chloride.
  - Chloro bis(ethylene diamine) nitro-o-cobalt (III) chloride.
  - Chlorido di(ethylene diamine) nitro cobalt (III) chloride.
  - Chloro ethylene diamine nitro-o-cobalt (III) chloride.

43. In the following sequence of reactions;

A Reduction B  $\xrightarrow{\text{HNO}_2}$  CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH

The compound A is

- (1) Propane nitrile
- (2) Ethane nitrile

(3) CH<sub>3</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>

(4) CH<sub>3</sub>NC

44. An organic compound A on reduction gives compound B, which on reaction with trichloro methane and caustic potash forms C. The compound 'C' on catalytic reduction gives N-methyl benzenamine, the compound 'A' is,

- (1) Nitrobenzene
- (2) Nitromethane
- (3) Methanamine
- (4) Benzenamine

45. Which of the following gives positive Fehling's solution test?

(1) Sucrose

(2) Glucose

(3) Fats

(4) Protein

46. A liquid can exist only,

- (1) Between triple point and critical point.
- (2) At any temperature above melting point.
- (3) Between melting point and critical point.
- (4) Between boiling and melting points.

- 47. The energy of electron in the nth Bohr orbit of H-atom is
  - (1)  $\frac{-13.6}{n^2}$  eV

(2)  $\frac{-13.6}{n}$  eV

(3)  $\frac{-13.6}{n^4}$  eV

- (4)  $\frac{-13.6}{n^3}$  eV
- Consider the following sets of quantum numbers:

Which of the below setting is not permissible arrangement of electrons in an atom?

- (1) 4 0 0  $-\frac{1}{2}$
- (2) 5 3 0  $+\frac{1}{2}$
- (3) 3 2  $-2 = \frac{1}{2}$
- (4) 3 2  $-3 + \frac{1}{2}$
- The increasing order of bond order of  $O_2$ ,  $O_2^+$ ,  $O_2^-$  and  $O_2^{--}$  is 49.
  - (1)  $O_2^+, O_2, O_2^-, O_2^{--}$  (2)  $O_2^{-+}, O_2^-, O_2^+, O_2$
- - (3)  $O_2$ ,  $O_2^+$ ,  $O_2^-$ ,  $O_2^{-+}$  (4)  $O_2^{2-}$ ,  $O_2^-$ ,  $O_2$ ,  $O_2^+$
- 50. HCl gas is covalent and NaCl is an ionic compound. This is because
  - Sodium is highly electro +Ve.
  - (2) Hydrogen is a non-metal.
  - (3)HCl is a gas.
  - Electronegativity difference between H and Cl is less than 2.1.

- 51. Which of the following is not true?
  - (1) In vulcanisation the rubber becomes harder and stronger.
  - (2) Natural rubber has 'trans' configuration at every double bond.
  - (3) Buna-S is a co-polymer of Butene and styrene.
  - (4) Natural rubber is 1, 4-polymer of isoprene.
- 52. Which of the following is a polyamide?
  - (1) Nylon-6, 6

(2) Terylene

(3) Polythene

- (4) Buna-S
- 53. Which of the following is correct about H-bonding in DNA?
  - (1) A-T, G-C
- (2) A G, T C
- (3) G T, A C
- (4) A A, T T
- 54. Which of the following is employed as Tranquilizer?
  - (1) Equanil

(2) Naproxen

(3) Tetracyclin

- (4) Dettol
- 55. Reactivity of order of halides for dehydrohalogenation is
  - (1) R-F > R-Cl > R-Br > R-1
  - (2) R I > R Br > R Cl > R F
  - (3) R-I > R-Cl > R-Br > R-F
  - (4) R F > R I > R Br > R Cl

- 56. Main axis of diatomic molecule is Z. The orbitals  $P_x$  and  $P_y$  overlap to form
  - (1)  $\pi$  molecular orbital
- (2) σ molecular orbital
- (3) δ molecular orbital
- (4) No bond is formed.
- 57. The hybridisation of C in diamond, graphite and ethyne is in the order
  - (1)  $sp^3$ , sp,  $sp^2$
- (2)  $sp^3$ ,  $sp^2$ , sp
- (3)  $sp, sp^2, sp^3$

- (4)  $sp^2, sp^3, sp$
- 58. A miscible mixture of  $C_6H_6 + CHCl_3$  can be separated by
  - (1) Sublimation
- (2) Distillation

(3) Filtration

- (4) Crystallisation
- 59. An organic compound contains C = 40%, H = 13.33% and N = 46.67%. Its emperical formula is
  - (1)  $C_2H_2N$

(2)  $C_3H_7N$ 

(3) CH<sub>4</sub>N

- (4) CHN
- 60. Electrophile that participates in nitration of benzene is
  - (1) NO+

(2)  $NO_{2}^{+}$ 

(3) NO

(4)  $NO_3^-$ 



A-1

### COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2016

### ANSWER KEYS - CHEMISTRY

Qnno	>	A1
1		1
2		2
3		2
4		1
5		4
6		3
7	-	1
8		3
9		2
10		2
11		2
	_	14
12		
13		4
14		3
15		4
16		1
17		
		4
18		G
19		3
20		2
21		1
22	-	1
	-	
23		1
24		G
25		1
26	1	4
27	-	3
28	+	1
	-	
29		4
30		1
31	T	1
32	1	1
33	+	4
34	+	4
35	+	2
	1	
36		4
37		2
38	T	1
39	T	1
40	1	1
41	+	1
42	+	G
	1	
43		2
44		1
45	T	2
46	T	1
47	t	1
48	H	4
49	-	
	L	4
50	L	4
51		234
52		1
53		1
54	-	1
55	-	2
	_	
56		14
57		2
58		2
59		3
60		2
	_	

### Note:

<sup>1.</sup> G - Indicates One GRACE MARK Awarded for the Question Number.

<sup>2.</sup> Value more than four indicates multiple answers are correct.

## **COMMON ENTRANCE TEST-2016**

DATE	SUBJECT	TIME		
DAY-1	MATHEMATIC	S 02.30 P.M. TO 03.50 P.M.		
MAXIMUM MARKS	TOTAL DURATION	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANSWERING		
60	80 MINUTES	70 MINUTES		

MENTION YOUR CET NUMBER	QUESTION BOOKLET DETAILS	
	VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER
	A-1	381617

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A IIIIIIIIII

Turn Over



- 1. The Set A has 4 elements and the Set B has 5 elements then the number of injective mappings that can be defined from A to B is
  - (1) 144

(3) 60

- (4) 120
- 2. Let  $f: R \to R$  be defined by f(x) = 2x + 6 which is a bijective mapping then  $f^{-1}(x)$  is given by
  - (1)  $\frac{x}{2} 3$

(2) 2x + 6

(3) x-3

- (4) 6x + 2
- 3. Let \* be a binary operation defined on R by a \* b =  $\frac{a+b}{4} \forall a, b \in R$  then the operation \* is
  - (1) Commutative and Associative
  - (2) Commutative but not Associative
  - (3) Associative but not Commutative
  - (4) Neither Associative nor Commutative
- 4. The value of  $\sin^{-1}\left(\cos\frac{53\pi}{5}\right)$  is
  - $(1) \quad \frac{3\pi}{5}$

(2)  $\frac{-3\pi}{5}$ 

 $(3) \quad \frac{\pi}{10}$ 

 $(4) \quad \frac{-\pi}{10}$ 

- 5. If  $3 \tan^{-1} x + \cot^{-1} x = \pi$  then x equal to
  - (1) 0

(3) -1

- (4) 1/2
- 6. The simplified form of  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x-y}{x+y}\right)$  is equal to
  - (1) 0

(2)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$ 

 $(3) \quad \frac{\pi}{2}$ 

- (4) π
- 7. If x y z are all different and not equal to zero and  $\begin{vmatrix} 1+x & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1+y & 1 \\ 1 & 1+z \end{vmatrix} = 0$

then the value of  $x^{-1} + y^{-1} + z^{-1}$  is equal to

(1) xyz

(2)  $x^{-1}y^{-1}z^{-1}$ 

(3) -x - y - z

- **(4)** -1
- 8. If A is any square matrix of order  $3 \times 3$  then |3A| is equal to
  - (1) 3|A|

(2)  $\frac{1}{3}|A|$ 

(3) 27 | A |

(4) 9 A

- 9. If  $y = e^{\sin^{-1}(t^2 1)} & x = e^{\sec^{-1}(\frac{1}{t^2 1})}$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  is equal to
  - (i)  $\frac{x}{y}$

- $(2) \quad \frac{-y}{x}$
- $(3) = \frac{y}{x}$

- $(4) \quad \frac{-x}{y}$
- 10. If  $A = \frac{1}{\pi} \begin{bmatrix} \sin^{-1}(\pi x) & \tan^{-1}(\frac{x}{\pi}) \\ \sin^{-1}(\frac{x}{\pi}) & \cot^{-1}(\pi x) \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \frac{1}{\pi} \begin{bmatrix} -\cos^{-1}(\pi x) & \tan^{-1}(\frac{x}{\pi}) \\ \sin^{-1}(\frac{x}{\pi}) & -\tan^{-1}(\pi x) \end{bmatrix}$  then A B is equal to
  - (1) I

(3) 21

- $(4) \quad \frac{1}{2}I$
- 11. If  $x^y = e^{x-y}$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  is equal to
  - $(1) \quad \frac{\log x}{\log(x-y)}$

- $(2) \quad \frac{e^x}{x^{x-y}}$
- $(3) \quad \frac{\log x}{(1+\log x)^2}$
- (4)  $\frac{1}{v} \frac{1}{x v}$
- 12. If A is a matrix of order m × n and B is a matrix such that AB' and B'A are both defined, the order of the matrix B is
  - (1)  $\mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{m}$

(2)  $n \times n$ 

(3)  $n \times m$ 

(4)  $m \times n$ 

- 13. The value of  $\int \frac{e^x(1+x)dx}{\cos^2(e^x,x)}$  is equal to
  - (1)  $-\cot(ex^x)+c$
- (2)  $\tan(e^x, x) + c$
- (3)  $\tan(e^x) + c$

- (4)  $\cot(e^x) + c$
- 14. If x y z are not equal and  $\neq 0$ ,  $\neq 1$  the value of  $\begin{vmatrix} \log x & \log y & \log z \\ \log 2x & \log 2y & \log 2z \\ \log 3x & \log 3y & \log 3z \end{vmatrix}$  is equal to
  - (1)  $\log(x y z)$

(2)  $\log(6 x y z)$ 

(3) 0

- $(4) \quad \log(x+y+z)$
- 15. The function f(x) = [x] where [x] the greatest integer function is continuous at
  - (1) 1.5

(2)

(3) 1

- (4) -2
- 16. The value of  $\int \frac{e^x(x^2 \tan^{-1} x + \tan^{-1} x + 1)}{x^2 + 1} dx$  is equal to
  - (1)  $e^{x} \tan^{-1} x + c$
- (2)  $\tan^{-1}(e^x) + c$
- (3)  $\tan^{-1}(x^e) + c$
- (4)  $e^{\tan^{-1}x} + c$

- 17. If  $2\vec{a}.\vec{b} = |\vec{a}| \cdot |\vec{b}|$  then the angle between  $\vec{a} \& \vec{b}$  is
  - (1) 30°

 $(2) 0^{\circ}$ 

(3) 90°

- (4) 60°
- 18. If  $x^m y^n = (x + y)^{m+n}$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  is equal to
  - $(1) \quad \frac{x+y}{xy}$

(2) xy

(3) 0

- $(4) \quad \frac{y}{x}$
- The general solution of  $\cot \theta + \tan \theta = 2$  is 19.
  - (1)  $\theta = \frac{n\pi}{2} + (-1)^n \pi / 8$  (2)  $\frac{n\pi}{2} + (-1)^n \pi / 4$
  - (3)  $\theta = \frac{n\pi}{2} + (-1)^n \pi / 6$  (4)  $\theta = n\pi + (-1)^n \pi / 8$
- The value of  $\int_{0}^{\pi/4} \sin^{103}x \cdot \cos^{101}x \, dx$  is
  - (1)  $(\pi/4)^{103}$

(2)  $\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^{101}$ 

(3) 2

(4) 0

- 21. The length of latus rectum of the parabola  $4y^2 + 3x + 3y + 1 = 0$  is
  - (1)  $\frac{4}{3}$

(3) 12

- (4) 3/4
- 22. The value of  $\int \frac{e^{6\log x} e^{5\log x}}{e^{4\log x} e^{3\log x}} dx$  is equal to
  - (1) 0

(2)  $\frac{x^3}{3}$ 

(3)  $\frac{3}{r^3}$ 

- $(4) \quad \frac{1}{x}$
- 23. The differential coefficient of  $\log_{10} x$  with respect to  $\log_x 10$  is
  - (1) 1

(2)  $-(\log_{10} x)^2$ 

(3)  $(\log_x 10)^2$ 

- (4)  $\frac{x^2}{100}$
- 24. The slope of the tangent to the curve  $x = t^2 + 3t 8$ ,  $y = 2t^2 2t 5$  at the point (2, -1) is
  - (1)  $\frac{22}{7}$

(2)  $\frac{6}{7}$ 

(3)  $\frac{7}{6}$ 

(4)  $\frac{-6}{7}$ 

- 25. The real part of  $(1 \cos \theta + i \sin \theta)^{-1}$  is
  - (1)  $\frac{1}{2}$

(2)  $\frac{1}{1+\cos\theta}$ (4)  $\cot\frac{\theta}{2}$ 

(3)  $\tan \frac{\theta}{2}$ 

- 26.  $\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^{1000} x \, dx}{\sin^{1000} x + \cos^{1000} x}$  is equal to
  - (1) 1000

(2) 1

(3)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ 

- $(4) \quad \frac{\pi}{4}$
- 27. If  $1 + \sin \theta + \sin^2 \theta + \dots$  upto  $\infty = 2\sqrt{3} + 4$ , then  $\theta =$ \_\_\_\_\_
  - (1)  $\pi/6$  (2)  $\pi/4$

(3)  $\pi/3$ 

- (4)  $3\pi/4$
- 28.  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{xe^x \sin x}{x}$  is equal to
  - (1) 3

(2) 1

(3) 0

(4) 2

- 29. If  $\tan^{-1}(x^2 + y^2) = \alpha$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  is equal to
  - $(1) \quad \frac{-x}{y}$

(2) xy

 $(3) \quad \frac{x}{y}$ 

- (4) -xy
- 30. The simplified form of  $i^n + i^{n+1} + i^{n+2} + i^{n+3}$  is
  - (1) 0

(2) 1

(3) -1

- (4) i
- 31. The two curves  $x^3 3xy^2 + 2 = 0$  and  $3x^2y y^3 = 2$ 
  - (1) Touch each other
  - (2) Cut each other at right angle
  - (3) Cut at an angle  $\pi/3$
  - (4) Cut at an angle  $\pi/4$
- 32. The equation of the normal to the curve  $y(1+x^2) = 2 x$  where the tangent crosses x-axis is
  - (1) 5x y 10 = 0
- (2) x-5y-10=0
- (3) 5x + y + 10 = 0
- (4) x + 5y + 10 = 0

- 33. The maximum value of  $\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^x$  is
  - (1) e

(2) e<sup>6</sup>

(3) e<sup>y</sup>e

- $(4) \quad \left(\frac{1}{e}\right)^e$
- 34. The solution for the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{y} + \frac{dx}{x} = 0$  is
  - $(1) \quad \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{x} = c$

 $(2) \cdot \log x \cdot \log y = c$ 

 $(3) \quad x y = c$ 

- $(4) \quad x + y = c$
- 35. The order and degree of the differential equation  $\left[1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 + \sin\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)\right]^{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ 
  - (1)  $\frac{\text{order}=2}{\text{degree}=3}$

(2) order=2 degree=4

(3)  $degree = \frac{3}{4}$ 

- (4). order= 2 degree=not defined
- 36. If  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  are unit vectors then what is the angle between  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  for  $\sqrt{3} \vec{a} \vec{b}$  to be unit vector?
  - (1) 30°

(2) 45°

(3) 60°

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(4) 90°

Space For Rough Work

10

37. The sum of 1st n terms of the series

$$\frac{1^2}{1} + \frac{1^2 + 2^2}{1 + 2} + \frac{1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2}{1 + 2 + 3} + \dots$$

 $(1) \quad \frac{n+2}{3}$ 

 $(2) \quad \frac{n(n+2)}{3}$ 

 $(3) \quad \frac{n(n-2)}{3}$ 

 $(4) \quad \frac{n(n-2)}{6}$ 

38. The 11<sup>th</sup> term in the expansion of  $\left(x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^{14}$  is

(1)  $\frac{999}{x}$ 

(2)  $\frac{1001}{x}$ 

(3) i

(4)  $\frac{x}{1001}$ 

39. Suppose  $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c} = 0$ ,  $|\vec{a}| = 3$ ,  $|\vec{b}| = 5$ ,  $|\vec{c}| = 7$ , then the angle between  $\vec{a} & \vec{b}$  is

(1)  $\pi$ 

(2)  $\pi/2$ 

(3)  $\pi/_3$ 

(4) n/4

40. If a = 3, b = 4, c = 5 each one of  $\vec{a}$ ,  $\vec{b}$  &  $\vec{c}$  is perpendicular to the sum of the remaining then  $|\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c}|$  is equal to

 $(1) \quad \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}}$ 

(2)  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$ 

(3)  $5\sqrt{2}$ 

(4) √5

Space For Rough Work

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If the straight lines 2x + 3y - 3 = 0 and x + ky + 7 = 0 are perpendicular, then the value of k is

 $(2) \frac{3}{2}$ 

- $(3) -2/_3$
- (4) -3/2

The rate of change of area of a circle with respect to its radius at r = 2 cms is

(1)

(3) 2

(4)  $4\pi$ 

43. The value of  $\tan \frac{\pi}{8}$  is equal to

(1).  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

- (2)  $\sqrt{2}+1$ (4)  $1-\sqrt{2}$
- (3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+1}$

44. Area lying between the curves  $y^2 = 2x$  and y = x is

- (1)  $\frac{2}{3}$  sq. units
- (2)  $\frac{1}{3}$  sq. units
- (3)  $\frac{1}{4}$  sq. units
- (4)  $\frac{3}{4}$  sq. units

45. If  $P(A \cap B) = \frac{7}{10}$  and  $P(B) = \frac{17}{20}$ , where P stands for probability then P(A|B) is equal to

(1)

(2)  $17/_{20}$ 

(3)  $^{14}/_{17}$ 

 $(4) \frac{1}{8}$ 

Space For Rough Work

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- 46. The coefficient of variation of two distributions are 60 and 70. The standard deviation are 21 and 16 respectively, then their mean is
  - (1) 35

(3) 28.25

- (4) 22.85
- 47. Two cards are drawn at random from a pack of 52 cards. The probability of these two being "Aces" is
  - (1)  $\frac{1}{26}$

(2)  $\frac{1}{221}$ 

(3)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

- (4)  $\frac{1}{13}$
- **48.** If  $\sin^{-1} x + \sin^{-1} y = \frac{\pi}{2}$ , then  $x^2$  is equal to
  - (1)  $1-y^2$

(2)  $y^2$ 

(3) 0

- $(4) \quad \sqrt{1-y}$
- 49. The value of  $\int_{2}^{8} \frac{\sqrt{10-x}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{10-x}} dx$  is
  - (1) 10

(2) 0

(3) 8

- (4) 3
- 50. The contrapositive of the converse of the statement "If x is a prime number then x is odd" is
  - (1) If x is not a prime number then x is odd.
  - (2) If x is not an odd number then x is not a prime number.
  - (3) If x is a prime number then it is not odd.
  - (4) If x is not a prime number then x is not an odd.

51. Two dice are thrown simultaneously, the probability of obtaining a total score of 5 is

(1)  $\frac{1}{18}$ 

(2)  $\frac{1}{12}$ 

(3)  $\frac{1}{9}$ 

(4)  $\frac{1}{6}$ 

52. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2\theta & -\sin 2\theta \\ \sin 2\theta & \cos 2\theta \end{bmatrix}$  and  $A + A^T = I$ ,

where I is the unit matrix of  $2 \times 2$  &  $A^T$  is the transpose of A, then the value of  $\theta$  is equal to

(1)  $\pi/6$ 

(2)  $\pi/3$ 

(3) π

(4)  $3\pi/2$ 

53. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  then  $A^2 - 5A$  is equal to

(1)

(2) - I

(3) 71

(4) **-7**I

54. The value of x if  $x(\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k})$  is a unit vector is

(1)  $\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ 

(2)  $\pm \sqrt{3}$ 

(3) ±3

(4)  $\pm \frac{1}{3}$ 

55. If  $x = 2 + 3 \cos \theta$  and  $y = 1 - 3 \sin \theta$  represent a circle then the centre and radius is

(1) (2, 1), 9

(2) (2, 1), 3

(3)  $(1, 2), \frac{1}{3}$ 

(4) (-2,-1), 3

**Space For Rough Work** 

A-1

- 56. The vector equation of the plane which is at a distance of  $\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{14}}$  from the origin and the normal from the origin is  $2\hat{i} 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$  is
  - (1)  $\hat{\mathbf{r}} \cdot (2\hat{\mathbf{i}} 3\hat{\mathbf{j}} + \hat{\mathbf{k}}) = 3$
- (2)  $\hat{r} \cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}) = 9$
- (3)  $\vec{r} \cdot (\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}) = 3$
- (4)  $\hat{r} \cdot (2\hat{i} + \hat{k}) = 3$
- 57. Find the co-ordinates of the foot of the perpendicular drawn from the origin to the plane 5y + 8 = 0:
  - $(1) \quad \left(0, -\frac{18}{5}, 2\right)$
- $(2) \quad \left(0,\frac{8}{5},0\right)$

 $(3) \quad \left(\frac{8}{25},0,0\right)$ 

- $(4) \quad \left(0,-\frac{8}{5},0\right)$
- 58. If  $\cos \alpha$ ,  $\cos \beta$ ,  $\cos \gamma$  are the direction cosines of a vector  $\vec{a}$ , then  $\cos 2\alpha + \cos 2\beta + \cos 2\gamma$  is equal to
  - (1) 2

(2) 3

(3) -1

- (4) 0
- 59. The value of the  $\sin 1^\circ + \sin 2^\circ + \dots + \sin 359^\circ$  is equal to
  - (1) 0

**(2)** 1 ·

(3) -1

- (4) 180
- 60. Integrating factor of  $x \frac{dy}{dx} y = x^4 3x$  is
  - (1) x

(2)  $\log x$ 

 $(3) \quad \frac{1}{x}$ 

(4) -x

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### COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2016

ANSWER KEYS - MATHS

	-
Qnno	A1
1	4
2	1
3	2
4	4
5	2
6	2
7	
	4
8	3
9	2
10	4
11	3
12	4
13	2
14	3
15	1
16	1
17	
	4
18	4
19	2
20	4
21	4
22	2
23	2
24	2
25	1
26	4
27	3
28	3
29	1
30	1
31	2
32	1
33	3
34	3
35	
30	4
36	1
36 37	2
36 37 38	1 2 2
36 37 38 39	1 2 2 3
36 37 38 39 40	1 2 2 3 3
36 37 38 39 40	1 2 2 3 3 3
36 37 38 39 40 41	1 2 2 3 3 3 4
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2 1
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2 1 4 4
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2 1 4 4 4 3
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2 1 4 4 4 3 1
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2 1 4 4 3 1
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2 1 4 4 3 1 4 2
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2 1 4 4 3 1
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2 1 4 4 3 1 4 2
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2 1 4 4 4 1 2
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2 1 4 4 3 1 2 1 4 4 3
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 134 2 1 4 4 4 3 1 4 1 2

### Note:

- 1. G Indicates One GRACE MARK Awarded for the Question Number.
- 2. Value more than four indicates multiple answers are correct.

## **COMMON ENTRANCE TEST-2016**

DATE	SUBJECT	TIME
DAY-1	BIOLOGY	10.30 A.M. TO 11.50 A.M.
MAXIMUM MARKS	TOTAL DURATION	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANSWERING
60	80 MINUTES	70 MINUTES

MENTION YOUR	OUESTION BOOKLET DETAILS		
CET NUMBER	VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER	
	A - 1	176161	

#### DOs:

- Check whether the CET No, has been entered and shaded in the respective circles on the OMR answer sheet.
- This Question Booklet is issued to you by the invigilator after the 2nd Bell i.e., after 10.30 a.m. 1.
- The Serial Number of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet.
- The Version Code of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet and the respective circles should also be shaded completely.
- Compulsorily sign at the bottom portion of the OMR answer sheet in the space provided. 5.

#### DON'Ts:

- THE TIMING AND MARKS PRINTED ON THE OMR ANSWER SHEET SHOULD NOT BE DAMAGED/MUTILATED/SPOILED.
- The 3rd Bell rings at 10,40 a.m., till then; 2.
  - Do not remove the paper seal present on the right hand side of this question booklet.
  - Do not look inside this question booklet.
  - Do not start answering on the OMR answer sheet.

## IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- This question booklet contains 60 questions and each question will have one statement and four distracters. 1. (Four different options / choices.)
- After the 3rd Bell is rung at 10.40 a.m., remove the paper seal on the right hand side of this question booklet and check that this booklet does not have any unprinted or torn or missing pages or items etc., if so, get it replaced by a complete test booklet. Read each item and start answering on the OMR answer sheet.
- During the subsequent 70 minutes:

  - Choose the correct answer from out of the four available distracters (options / choices) given under
  - Completely darken / shade the relevant circle with a BLUE OR BLACK INK BALL POINT PEN against the question number on the OMR answer sheet.

# Correct Method of shading the circle on the OMR answer sheet is as shown below:



- 4. Please note that even a minute unintended ink dot on the OMR answer sheet will also be recognized and recorded by the scanner. Therefore, avoid multiple markings of any kind on the OMR answer sheet.
- Use the space provided on each page of the question booklet for Rough Work. Do not use the OMR answer sheet
- After the last bell is rung at 11.50 a.m., stop writing on the OMR answer sheet and affix your LEFT HAND THUMB IMPRESSION on the OMR answer sheet as per the instructions.
- Hand over the OMR ANSWER SHEET to the room invigilator as it is.
- After separating the top sheet (Our Copy), the invigilator will return the bottom sheet replica (Candidate's copy) 7. to you to carry home for self-evaluation.
- Preserve the replica of the OMR answer sheet for a minimum period of ONE year.



Turn Over



				*
	(3)	Vasopressin	(4)	Thyroxine
	(1)	Androgens	(2)	Epinephrine
5.	Facultative	e absorption of water from pr	imary	urine is influenced by the hormone
	Y			
	(3)	Mutualism	(4)	Competition
E	(1)	Predation	(2)	Parasitism
4.	In which t	ype of interactions, both the i	nterac	cting organisms do not live close together?
	(3)	both heavy and light DNA	(4)	both hybrid and light DNA
	(1)	only hybrid DNA	(2)	both hybrid and heavy DNA
				the density gradient of DNA is.
	<sup>14</sup> NH <sub>4</sub> Cl 1	medium. After 2 generations,	the b	acteria are isolated from the medium and DNA
3.	E. coli ba	octeria grew in 15NH <sub>4</sub> Cl med	dium :	for several generations are allowed to grow in
	**			out autoganty and gonomoganty.
	(4)			oth autogamy and geitonogamy.
	(3)	Chasmogamous flowers ne		
	(2)	Cleistogamous flowers alw		
	(1)	Chasmogamous flowers alv		
2.	Which or	ne of the following statement	is con	rect?
į	(3)	Class to Order	. (4)	
	(1)	Species to Kingdom	(2)	Kingdom to Species

- 6. In a dithecous anther, each pollen sac contain 1000 MMC. What is the total number of pollen-grains produced by the anther?
  - (1) 4,000

(2) 8,000

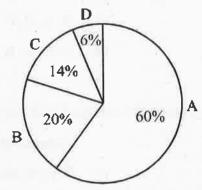
(3) 16,000

- (4) 32,000
- 7. Identify the correct equation for Hardy-Weinberg law.
  - (1) p + q = 1

(2) p-q=1

(3)  $(p+q)^2 = 1$ 

- (4)  $(p q)^2 = 1$
- 8. The relative contribution of various green house gases to total global warming is given in the following diagram:



Identify the green house gases.

(1) 
$$A = CO_2$$
;  $B = CH_4$ ;  $C = CFCs$ ;  $D = N_2O$ 

(2) 
$$A = CO_2$$
;  $B = CFCs$ ;  $C = CH_4$ ;  $D = N_2O$ 

(3) 
$$A = CFCs$$
;  $B = CO_2$ ;  $C = CH_4$ ;  $D = N_2O$ 

(4) 
$$A = CFCs$$
;  $B = CH_4$ ;  $C = CO_2$ ;  $D = N_2O$ 

- 9. In plants, lateral roots arise from
  - (1) epidermis

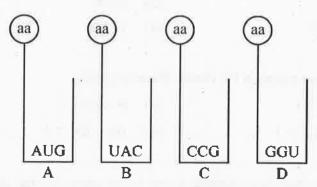
(2) hypodermis

(3) endodermis

(4) pericycle

B

10. Find the sequence of binding of the following aminoacyl t-RNA complexes during translation to m-RNA transcribed by a DNA segment having the base sequences 3'TACATGGGTCCG5'.



Choose the answer showing the correct order of alphabets.

(1) A, B, D, C

(2) B, A, D, C

(3) C, D, B, A

- (4) D, C, A, B
- 11. Match the plant structures given in the column-I with their plants given in the column-II.

	Column-I		Column-II
A.	Prothallus	p.	Bryophytes
B.	Microsporophyll	q.	Pteridophytes
C.	Protonema	r.	Angiosperms
D.	PEN	s.	Gymnosperms
(1)	A-r, B-p, C-s, D-q	(2)	A-s, B-r, C-p, D-q
(3)	A-q, B-s, C-r, D-p	(4)	A-q, B-s, C-p, D-r

- 12. Snow blindness is caused due to
  - (1) Ozone hole

(2) Nuclear winter

(3) Acid rain

(4) Green house effect

13.	A person	who has allergy, the type of antibody produced in his body is	
	(1)	IgA (2) IgG	
	(3)	IgE (4) IgM	
14.	Elution m	eans	
	(1)	separation of DNA fragments on agarose gel.	
	(2)	cutting and extraction of DNA bands from the agarose gel.	
	(3)	making the DNA bands visible under UV radiation.	
	(4)	isolating alien DNA from the choice organism.	
15.	The edible	e part of the fruit of apple is	
	(1)	Thalamus (2) Pericarp	
	(3)	Endocarp (4) Involucre	
16.	Identify a	micro-organism that can produces biomass of protein.	
	(1)	Monoscus purpureus	
	(2)	Aspergillus niger	
	(3)	Methylophilus methylotrophus	
	(4)	Trichoderma polysporum	
17.	What is th	ne function of the enzyme 'recombinase' during meiosis?	
	(1)	Formation of synaptonemal complex	
	(2)	Crossing over between non-sister chromatids	
	(3)	Condensation of chromosomes	
	(4)	Alignment of bivalent chromosomes on equatorial plate	
		Space For Rough Work	-

		Spa	ce For Ro	ugh Work
	(3)	Hydrogen sulphide	(4)	Ammonia
	(1)	Methane	(2)	Carbon dioxide
22.		ed-up appearance of dou during the process.	gh is due	to fermentation by bacteria. Identify the gas
	(3)	Plasmodium	(4)	Salmonella
	(1)	Adeno virus	(2)	Rhino virus
21.	A doctor in a patier	identifies symptoms of nat. The conclusion is that,	asal conge the patier	estion, headache, sore throat, hoarseness, cough at is infected by a pathogen
	(3)	newly created pond	(4)	bare rock
	(1)	abandoned farm land	(2)	newly cooled lava
20.	One of the place in/o	e following area is an ex	xample fo	r secondary succession, if the succession takes
	(3)	degenerate	(4)	non-ambiguous
	(1)	commaless	(2)	non-overlapping
19.	called			ylalanine only. This feature of genetic code is
	(4)	Lion, dog, monkey and	ape	
	(3)	Monkey, ape, man and		
	(2)	Cow, monkey, elephan	1	
	(1)	Lion, deer, dog and cov	8	
18.	Identify f	rom the following group	of animals	s, which exhibit oestrous cycle.

23.	•	able method of introduc	ang anen Di	
74	(1)	biolistics	(2)	microinjection
٠,	(3)	lipofection	(4)	heat shock method
24.	Which on	e of these is not an acc	essory gland	s in male reproductive system?
	(1)	Prostate gland	(2)	Seminal vesicle
	(3)	Cowper's gland	(4)	Bartholin's gland
	6			
25.	Find the r	nis-match from the foll	owing pairs	: .
	(1)	Divergent evolution -	→ thorn of b	ougainvillia and tendril of cucurbita
	(2)	Adaptive radiation -	Australian :	marsupials
	(3)	Natural selection → I	ndustrial me	elanism
	(4)	Genetic drift → Cons	tant gene fre	equency
26.	What is th	ne role of competitive in	nhibitor duri	ng enzyme action ?
	(1)	It enhances enzyme a	ction.	
	(2)	It declines the enzym	e action.	
	(3)	It alters the active site	of the enzy	me and prevents the binding of substrate.
	(4)	It inhibits breaking of	f chemical bo	onds of the substrate.
27.	Some of correct sta		g life cycle	of plasmodium are given below. Identify the
	(1)	The sporozoites repro	duce sexual	ly in liver cells.
	. (2)	The gametocytes dev	elop in RBC	
	(3)	Female mosquito take	e up sporozo	ites with blood meal.
	(4)	When mosquito bites	a man, game	etocytes are injected.
		S	pace For Ro	ugh Work

	Read	the i	following statements caref	ully and	choose the correct statements:
	a.	In a	transcription unit, the prot	noter loc	cated at the 5' end of coding strand.
	b.	The	single strand DNA having	the pola	rity $5' \rightarrow 3'$ is the template strand.
	c.	RNA	A polymerase binds to the	operator	during transcription.
	d.	_	le base DNA differenc morphism (SNPs).	es occu	or in humans are called Single Nucleotide
		(1)	Statements a and b	(2)	Statements b and c
		(3)	Statements b and d	(4)	Statements a and d
29.	Amr	niocen	tesis is one of the methods	3	
		(1)	adapted for MTP	(2)	of birth control
		(3)	for foetal sex determination	on (4)	used for safe parturition
30.			ield experiment on the roo	•	oast of Scotland, where larger Barnacle balanus
	dom:		the intertidal area and re-	moves th	ne smaller Barnacle cathamalus. This happened
			the intertidal area and representation	moves th	Competition
S.		to			
Б		to (1)	Predation	(2)	Competition
31.	due	(1) (3)	Predation	(2)	Competition  Mutualism
31.	due	(1) (3)	Predation Parasitism	(2) (4)	Competition  Mutualism
31.	due	(1) (3)	Predation Parasitism e incorrect statement from	(2) (4) the followbone.	Competition  Mutualism  owing.
31.	due	(1) (3) ose the	Predation Parasitism e incorrect statement from Tendons attach muscle to	(2) (4) the following bone.	Competition  Mutualism  owing.
31.	due	(1) (3) (3) (1) (2)	Predation Parasitism e incorrect statement from Tendons attach muscle to	(2) (4) the followers bone. modified	Competition  Mutualism  owing.  d columnar epithelium.

	(4)	The portion of myofibril be	etween two successive 'M' line.
	(3)	The portion of myofibril b	etween two successive 'A' band.
	(2)	The portion of myofibril b	etween two successive 'l' band.
	(1)	The portion of myofibril b	etween two successive 'Z' line.
35.		e is the functional unit of that constitute a sarcomere.	contraction in a muscle fibre. Identify the portion of
	(3)	Fruit formation	(4) Seed formation
	(1)	Gametogenesis	(2) Embryogenesis
34.	Which are	nong these is not a post ferti	lization event?
	(4)	Only glucose is labelled at	nd oxygen is normal.
	(3)	Both glucose and oxygen	are normal.
	(2)	Only oxygen is labelled by	ut glucose is normal.
	- (1)	Both glucose and oxygen	are labelled.
7.	of produc	ts?	
33.	<sup>14</sup> CO <sub>2</sub> . V	When the products of the pro-	ditions for photosynthesis and supplied with isotope occess are analysed carefully, what would be the nature
	(3)	gene therapy	(4) down stream processing
	(1)	hybridoma technology	(2) molecular farming
32.	of useful	biological products encoded	into transgenic animals to obtain large scale production d by these genes. This approach is generally referred to

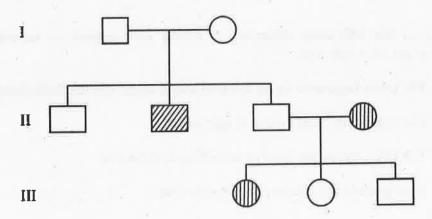
- 36. Some desert beetles can survive on "metabolic water", without ever drinking liquid water which
  - (1) was produced as water in the organisms they eat.
  - (2) is absorbed from the air along with respiratory oxygen.
  - (3) is a breakdown product of pyruvate inside the mitochondria, along with carbon dioxide.
  - (4) is a breakdown product from glycolysis in the cytoplasm.
- 37. The gene disorder phenylketonuria is an example for
  - (1) Polygenic inheritance
- (2) Pleiotropy
- (3) Multiple allelism
- (4) Multiple factor
- 38. A population is correctly defined as having which of the following characteristics?
  - a. Inhabiting the same geography area
  - b. Individuals belonging to same species
  - c. Possessing a constant and uniform density and dispertion
  - (1) a and b only
- (2) b and c only
- (3) a and c only
- (4) b only
- 39. Choose the correct sequence of events occur in human reproduction.
  - (1) Gametogenesis → gestation → insemination → fertilization → implantation → parturition
  - (2) Gametogenesis → insemination → gestation → implantation → fertilization → parturition
  - (3) Gametogenesis → insemination → fertilization → implantation → gestation → parturition
  - (4) Gestation → gametogenesis → insemination → implantation → fertilization → parturition

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	(1)	peptide bond	(2)	phosphoester bond
	(3)	glycosidic bond	(4)	hydrogen bond
41.	<ul><li>9 bars a</li><li>8 bars a</li></ul>	and pressure potential ( $\psi_p$	) of 4 bar	rells. The cell 'A' has solute potential $(\psi_s)$ of rs, whereas cell 'B' has solute potential $(\psi_s)$ of the will be the direction of water movement
	(1)	Cell A to Cell B		The state of the s
	(2)	Cell B to Cell A		
	(3)	Do not move in any direction	on.	
	(4)	Moves in both the direct	ions.	
		et l		
		*:		
42.		ne of the following state on gel electrophoresis?		wrong with respect to separation of DNA
42.		on gel electrophoresis?	ement is	wrong with respect to separation of DNA dis anode under electric field through the matrix.
42.	fragments	on gel electrophoresis?	ement is	is anode under electric field through the matrix.
42.	fragments (1)	on gel electrophoresis?  The DNA fragments mo	ement is ve toward	ds anode under electric field through the matrix.
42.	(1) (2)	on gel electrophoresis?  The DNA fragments mo  The commonly used mat	ement is ve toward trix is aga	is anode under electric field through the matrix.  rose gel.  rding to their size.
42.	(1) (2) (3)	on gel electrophoresis?  The DNA fragments mo  The commonly used mat  The DNA fragments reso	ement is ve toward trix is aga	is anode under electric field through the matrix.  rose gel.  rding to their size.
42. 13.	(1) (2) (3) (4)	The DNA fragments mo The commonly used mat The DNA fragments reso The Smaller DNA fragments	ement is ve toward trix is aga olve accordents separ	is anode under electric field through the matrix.  brose gel.  rding to their size.
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	The DNA fragments mo The commonly used mat The DNA fragments reso The Smaller DNA fragments	ement is ve toward trix is aga olve accordents separ	is anode under electric field through the matrix.  arose gel.  rding to their size.  rate first.

- 44. Digestion of proteins is incomplete in the absence of enterokinase, because
  - (1) Pepsinogen is not converted into pepsin.
  - (2) Chymotrypsinogen is not converted into chymotrypsin.
  - (3) Trypsinogen is not converted into trypsin.
  - (4) Prorennin is not converted into rennin.
- 45. The primary treatment of sewage water involves
  - (1) sludge digestion
- (2) aerobic bacterial activity
- (3) anaerobic bacterial activity (4)
- 4) filtration and sedimentation
- 46. From the following pedigree chart of a family, one can make an analysis that,



- (1) It is an autosomal dominant trait.
- (2) It is an autosomal recessive trait.
- (3) It is an allosomal dominant trait.
- (4) It is an allosomal recessive trait.

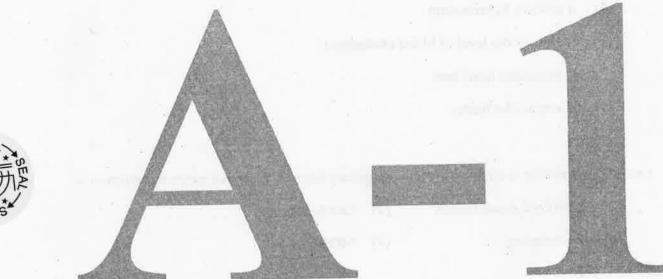
Space For Rough Work

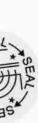
A-1

47.	Offspring asexual n	Offsprings formed during sexual reproduction exhibits more variation than those formed by asexual method, because,						
	(1)	genetic material con	nes from two	different individu	als.			
	(2)	greater amount of DNA is involved.						
	(3)	sexual reproduction is more complicated.						
	(4)	genetic material con	nes from male	parent.				
		The first same						
48.	Pick the l	normone which is not	secreted by hu	ıman placenta.				
	(1)	hCG	(2)	hPL				
	(3)	Prolactin	(4)	Estrogen				
49.	The pheno	omenon called 'Apical	dominance'	in plants is due to	a phytohormone			
	(1)	Auxins	(2)	Gibberellins	a de la constante de la consta			
	(3)	Cytokinins	(4)	ABA	н			
50.	Plants obs	tained through tissue ells. What do you call	culture are g them?	genetically identic	al and they are obtained by			
	(1)	Somaclones	(2)	Monoclones	,			
	(3)	Somatic hybrids	(4)	Cross hybrids				
			10					
51.	A human :	male is heterozygous lic gene 'h'. What pero	for autosomal centage of spe	genes 'A' and 'E	?'. He is also hemizygous for h' genotype?			
2	(1)	25%	(2)	50%	X			
	(3)	75%	(4)	0%				
		2	Space For Rou	igh Work				

52.	All the fol	lowing interactions are mutualism, except		
	(1)	association of algae and fungi in lichens		
	(2)	association of fungi and roots of higher plants in mycorrhiza		
	(3)	plant and animal relation for pollination		
	(4)	association of cattle egret and grazing cattle		
53.	The horms	one 'melatonin' is secreted by the gland		
JJ	(1)	Thyroid (2) Adrenal		
	(3)	Pineal (4) Pituitary		
54.	A scrubber in the exhaust of a chemical industry removes			
	(1)	hydrogen sulphide (2) sulphur dioxide		
	(3)	nitrous oxide (4) carbon monoxide		
55.	Lactationa	al amenorrhea		
	(1)			
(2) prevents conception				
(3) prevents secretion of prolactin		prevents secretion of prolactin		
	prevents spermatogenesis			
56.	The gene for a	for haemophilia is located on 'X' chromosome. Hence it is normally impossible		
	<ul><li>(1) haemophilic father to pass the gene to his daughter.</li><li>(2) carrier mother to pass the gene to her daughter.</li></ul>			
,	carrier mother to pass the gene to her son.			
	(4)	haemophilic father to pass the gene to his son.		
		Space For Rough Work		

		Space For Rough Work		
	(•)	——————————————————————————————————————		
	(4)	in the state of th		
	(3)	It has the ability of autonomous replication.		
	(2)	It has antibiotic resistant gene.		
	(1)	It is a circular DNA.		
0.	Which one	e of the following statements is not correct about a plasmid?		
	(3)	In-breeding (4) MOET		
	(3)			
	(1)	A do a series of the series of		
<b>9</b> .	One of the	e breeding techniques useful to eliminate harmful recessive genes by selection is		
	(4)	It acts as clot buster.		
	(3)	It stimulates heart beat.		
	(2)	It reduces the level of blood cholesterol.		
	(1)	It reduces hypertension.		
	_			
58.	A person admitted to hospital as he had myocardial infarction. A cardiologist injecting him 'streptokinase', why?			
	e.			
		(4) Macrophages are the phagocytic cells.		
	(3)	Response of T-cells is called cell mediated immunity.		
	(2)	Interferons kill viruses.		
	(1)	B-cells produce antibody.		
57.	Identify	the incorrect statement from the following.		





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### COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2016

### ANSWER KEYS - BIOLOGY

Önno	A1
1	2
2	2
3	4
4	4
5	3
6	3
7	13
8	1
9	4
10 11	2
11	4
12	1
13	3
14	2
15	1
16	3
	1
17	2
18	1
19	4
20	1
21	2
22	2
23	1
24	4
25	4
26	2
27	2
28	4
29	3
30	2
31	3
32	2
33	4
34	1
35	1
36	34
37	2
38	1
39	3
40	3
41	2
	G
42	
43	2
44	3
45	4
46	2
47	1
48	3
49	1
50	1
51	G
52	4
53	3
54	2
55	2
56	4
57	2
58	4
59	3
60	
60	4

### Note:

<sup>1.</sup> G - Indicates One GRACE MARK Awarded for the Question Number.

<sup>2.</sup> Value more than four indicates multiple answers are correct.